

THIS NURSE ADVISES

Women Who Are Ill To
Take Lydia E. Pinkham's
Vegetable Compound.

East Rochester, N. Y.—"I have used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for several years and think it fine. I am a practical nurse and when I get run down and nervous I take the Vegetable Compound. I have trouble with my bladder when I am on my feet and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has helped me. I have recommended your medicine to several young ladies who have all benefited by it."—Mrs. AGNES L. BELL, 306 Lincoln Rd., East Rochester, N. Y.

Young women who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, backache, headache, dragging-down sensations, fainting spells or indigestion should take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Thousands have been restored to health by this root and herb remedy.

Write for free and helpful advice to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass. Women only open, read and answer such letters.

LOSSES ON WALL STREET, Taken for Purpose of Deduction in Making Income Tax Returns.

It has been the talk on Wall Street for weeks that large sales of certain stocks are taking place to establish losses which may, under rulings from Washington, be deducted from a person's gross income in making up his net taxable income for the calendar year. These stocks are those, chiefly railroad, whose current prices show large losses from prices at which they were bought by the holder at any time in the past. The market for such stocks in these closing days of a tax year indicate a cumulative effort along this line of Wall Street talk.

Losses so established and deductions so debited to gross income for tax purposes will be large technical. They may actually have existed for years. They are now being realized for this temporary purpose only. They or other stocks similarly affected can be bought back after the turn of the year and the original position of the operator will have been restored. Only—he will have succeeded in beating the government out of a substantial part of his income tax fairly due.

What is to be the character of such an operation is judged by ordinary ethical standards. Wall Street seems to have exhibited its own opinion in pronouncing the scheme quite clever. But the fact would remain that advantage is being taken of a small loophole in the construction of the income tax to carry through large results in cheating the spirit of the law and defrauding the public revenue. And this is being done, if at all, and Wall Street almost boasts of its being done on a great scale by men of the highest standing in business honesty and as loyal and law-abiding citizens.

SIR HEARST RECOMMENDED

As Member of Canadian Section of International Great Waterways Com.
Ottawa, Jan. 5.—The appointment of Sir William Hearst, former premier of Ontario, as a member of the Canadian section of the international great waterways commission, has been recommended to the government of Great Britain, it was learned today. He will succeed P. B. Mignault, recently appointed to the supreme court of Canada.

As the great waterways commission was created by treaty between the United States and Great Britain, Canada only recommends the appointment of its members.

Sir William resigned the premiership of Ontario after the defeat of his party at the provincial election last October.

SHIP AFIRE ON EVE OF SAILING

Was Third Mysterious Fire on Staten Island Shore in Last Few Days.

PRETORIA DAMAGED \$100,000 WORTH

She Was a Former German Liner, Recently Turned Over to Great Britain

New York, Jan. 5.—Fire of unknown origin caused damage estimated at \$100,000 to the steamship Pretoria at her pier at Stapleton, Staten Island, shortly before she was to have sailed at dawn today. The Pretoria is a former Hamburg-American liner recently turned over to Great Britain by the United States government after serving as a transport.

This was the third ship fire of undetermined origin along the Staten Island shore in the last few days. The Twin Oaks, owned by the Oriental Steamship company, was damaged to the extent of \$250,000, and a blaze on board the Western City, owned by the same concern, caused a \$75,000 loss.

SENDING CHINESE HOME.

They Were Shipped Into War Zones to Labor Behind Lines.

Paris, Jan. 5.—Ninety thousand Chinese brought to France by the British army for war work behind the lines are being returned as their three-year contracts expire by the end of February. It is expected only about 20,000 of them will remain. These will be picked groups re-engaged for a two-year period.

About half of the Chinese who worked for the French army have been or soon will be sent home.

For two years the Chinese have been brought into close contact with the Young Men's Christian association. R. M. Hersey, formerly general secretary of the American Y. M. C. A. at Tientsin, who has been in charge of the work among the Chinese, said they were going back home better equipped mentally and morally than when they came.

Little religious work has been done by the Y. M. C. A., Mr. Hersey said. Patriotism was accentuated; morality was extolled, and the meaning of the war was explained so the men might not go back with critical depressing views of European civilization. Leadership was developed among them and as a result, Mr. Hersey said, he hoped the thousands of Chinese would become a heaven for China.

HOUSING DISABLED SOLDIERS

And Colonizing of Them to Be Considered at Conference in New York.

New York, Jan. 5.—Officials of the federal government and prominent New York men will confer here tomorrow at the Bankers' club at the invitation of Mr. Wendell Phillips, president of the Carry On association, "to make definite plans for the expansion of the federal board of vocational education, and Colonel Rucker, representing the surgeon general of the United States army.

The public, it is said, will be represented by Franklin D. Oiler, grand commander of the American Legion, Lieut. Col. Theodore Roosevelt, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., William F. Morgan, Ogden Mills, Colonel Francis Robinson, Colonel William Donovan, C. A. Coffin, Mortimer Schiff, George E. Vincent, Capt. Cosmo Hamilton, Charles H. Sablin and others.

All the government departments concerned with the problem of the disabled soldier, it is said, will be represented at the conference, including R. G. Chalmers, head of the war risk insurance bureau, Lieut. Lambkin, director of the federal board of vocational education, and Colonel Rucker, representing the surgeon general of the United States army.

The public, it is said, will be represented by Franklin D. Oiler, grand commander of the American Legion, Lieut. Col. Theodore Roosevelt, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., William F. Morgan, Ogden Mills, Colonel Francis Robinson, Colonel William Donovan, C. A. Coffin, Mortimer Schiff, George E. Vincent, Capt. Cosmo Hamilton, Charles H. Sablin and others.

MAY RESORT TO BARTERING.

Because of Fluctuation of the German Mark.

Coblenz, Jan. 5.—Fluctuation in the value of the mark recently have been so violent that German business men report that it is virtually impossible for them to carry on transactions with the outside world. Merchants contend that it is no longer a matter of business but simply one of gambling on the exchange. Various suggestions have been made by financiers and others in Germany to remedy the situation, but as yet nothing of practical import has been formulated.

One suggestion being considered by bankers is that goods be bought and sold by barter, thereby eliminating the exchange fluctuation. The present low value of the mark has placed a very effective embargo on capital attempting to escape taxation by fleeing the country. It has also automatically cut off imports except of articles absolutely indispensable. Foreign buyers, taking advantage of the favorable rate of exchange, have recently placed large orders with many German factory owners.

SEEKS RE-ELECTION.

Charles Humber French Senator Recently Acquitted.

Bar-le-Duc, France, Sunday, Jan. 4.—Charles Humber, French senator, who was acquitted last May by a court martial on a charge of having had dealings with the enemy, appeared before senatorial delegates here today and announced he would be a candidate for re-election to the upper house of the French Parliament. He was bitterly opposed by Deputy Maginot. No vote was taken by the delegates.

Know That.
"Is it true that you are color blind?"
"Only partly. I know when I am blue."—Boston Transcript.



What a sight my skin was until I cleared it with Resinol

Even if the pimples, redness or roughness are severe and have resisted ordinary treatment, a little use of Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap will usually bring out the skin's real beauty.

Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap contain only the purest ingredients and gentlest medication, which physicians prescribe widely in the treatment of the skin. Sold by all druggists.

YOUR INCOME TAX.

Did You Unintentionally File an Incorrect Return Last Year?

Were you one of thousands of persons who last year, with unquestioned honesty of purpose, filed an incorrect income tax return? Are you, or have you been a claimant for refund of taxes overpaid? Have you been called upon by the bureau of internal revenue for payment of amounts owed the government through inadvertence or omissions in making out your income tax form? To sum it up, have you experienced trouble of any kind in filing your income tax return for 1919?

If so, this is written for your benefit and for the benefit of more than 3,000,000 taxpayers who, on or before March 15, will file income tax returns for the year 1919. It is certain a percentage of these returns will be incorrect. It is equally certain that the percentage of errors may be largely reduced if taxpayers will acquaint themselves with the income tax provisions of the act of Feb. 24, 1919, known as the revenue act of 1918, which provides for the collection of taxes for the year 1919 and subsequent years.

Bureau Aids Taxpayers.

As an aid to taxpayers there has been prepared with the official approval of the bureau of internal revenue, a series of short articles, of which this is the first, telling how to make out an income tax return for 1919, when and where to file it, and what to do in case you meet with unusual difficulties. By making note of the information contained therein, it is believed that most of the difficulties heretofore encountered may be avoided.

Change in Normal Rate.

Probably the most important change affecting the average taxpayer is in the normal rate, the exemptions of \$1,000 for single persons and \$2,000 for married persons and heads of families remaining the same as for 1918. The normal rate for 1919 is 4 per cent on the first \$4,000 of net income above the exemptions and 8 per cent on the remaining net income. The normal rate for 1918 was 6 and 12 per cent, respectively. This applies to every citizen and resident of the United States. Alien non-residents receiving income from sources within the United States are taxed to the full 8 per cent on the income from such sources.

The surtax rates, which range from 1 per cent on the amount of net income between \$5,000 and \$6,000 to 65 per cent on the amount of income in excess of \$10,000, remain unchanged.

May Pay in Installments.

The tax, as in 1919, may be paid in full at the time of filing the return, or in four installments, the first of which is due on or before March 15, the second on or before June 15, the third on or before Sept. 15, and the fourth on or before Dec. 15. The first installment must accompany the filing of the return. The period for filing is from Jan. 1 to March 15. Heavy penalties are provided for persons who fail or "willfully refuse" to file their return and pay the tax within the time prescribed.

Forms for making returns may be obtained from offices of collectors of internal revenue and deputy collectors, postoffices and banks. If your income for 1919 was \$5,000 or less, ask for form 1040-A. If it was more than \$5,000 ask for form 1040. Returns must be filed with the collector of internal revenue for the district in which the taxpayer lives or has his principal place of business.

Wet Weather

need not mean "colds" if your body is reinforced by proper nourishment to ward off attacks upon your system. Take

BOVININE

The Food Tonic

Take it as directed—and avoid illness.

For over thirty years doctors have prescribed BOVININE—vitamin-rich food tonic.

6c. per bottle, 25c. per dozen. Write for free literature.

THE BOVININE CO., 123 W. Madison St., New York.

Know That.
"Is it true that you are color blind?"
"Only partly. I know when I am blue."—Boston Transcript.

UNITED STATES IS SPECTATOR

Asks Supreme Council to Refer Merely to the "Allied Powers"

FRENCH PAPER SAYS DILEMMA INEVITABLE

Says the Supreme Council Is Supreme in Name Only

Paris, Jan. 5 (Havas).—Hugh C. Wallace, American ambassador to France, asked the supreme council of the peace conference on Saturday to precede future decisions of the council with the formula: "Allied powers," instead of "allied and associated powers," which has been used in the past, according to the Echo de Paris.

"This," says the article printed by the newspaper, "marks the determination of the United States not to participate officially in decisions to be reached in Paris. Washington, while declining the responsibilities of the supreme council, continues to be represented at its sessions. How can Mr. Wallace's role be defined? He is not a plenipotentiary. Witness or observer is the accepted term."

Pleasure at the presence of an American representative, who will keep Washington informed as to events until the United States delegates their places on the council, is expressed by the newspaper, which says: "Nothing can be definitely concluded without President Wilson's assent beforehand. So the council is supreme only in name. Supremacy belongs to Mr. Wilson, who inhabits, not the White House, but Mount Olympus."

"It is inevitable," the article concludes, "that a dilemma will arise. The United States will be obliged to take responsibilities corresponding to her action or she will renounce this role. It is hoped this absurd situation may be arranged by speedy ratification of the treaty, according to the program of Senator Lodge, followed by the return of America to its habitual place in the settlement of European affairs."

MAKING HIS WAY ON FOOT.

Harold Noice, American Explorer, Coming Out of the Arctic.

Seattle, Jan. 5.—On his way out of the Arctic, Harold Noice, American explorer, is making his way, on foot, with a dog team, overland from Victoria Land, which lies in the Arctic ocean, southeast to Port Nelson, in the Hudson's bay country of Canada, according to letters received here by his mother.

Mr. Noice is following for a considerable distance, the route of the northwest passage.

Maps and charts of portions of Victoria Land were made this summer by Noice, he said. He did not state whether or not he ventured into the interior of Victoria Land, which, according to other explorers who have come south, has never been visited by man from the outside world.

Noice has been in the Arctic since 1915. He joined the expedition headed by Vilhjalmur Stefansson, but when Sir Stefansson turned south, Noice remained in the north. He expects to arrive here some time next summer.

Gillett Will Block Berger.

Contrary to the report from Washington to which we called attention the other day, Speaker Gillett is not wabbling in the case of Victor L. Berger. We have the speaker's own word in the matter. It came today in the following telegram from Gillett, N. C.

"My attention has been called to your statement in the Milwaukee district. The suggestion that I am in doubt as to the right of Victor Berger to a seat in Congress is wholly unwarranted. I was the first congressman to publicly express the opinion that Berger should not be seated. That was soon after his election and I have never changed my position."

(Signed) "Frederick H. Gillett."

More than one Republican member of Congress who was disturbed by the allegation that the speaker's opposition to Berger was weakening, will share our own satisfaction on receipt of public evidence to the contrary. We congratulate Mr. Gillett upon his determination to assist his colleagues, when they come together after the Christmas recess, in kicking out the disloyal citizen who robs disloyal citizens have had the impudence to re-elect to Congress from the Milwaukee district.

Berger and his followers will do well to act upon the advice of the beloved prelate and patriot, Cardinal Gibbons. His eminence is quoted to-day as saying at Baltimore that if the foreigners who come to this country "do not like this country and its laws, then the best thing for them to do is to go back to the countries they fled from to seek a haven here." The sooner Berger and his sympathizers follow Emma Goldman and Berkman out of the United States, the sooner the United States will be a better place to live in.—Boston Transcript.

When Pastors Form a Labor Union.

Minister—What is your full name?
Bride—Arabella Cynthia Smithers.
Minister to Groom—And yours?
Groom—George Elmer Tomkins.
Minister—Are you both members of the American Federation of Retired Couples in good standing?

Both in union—You said it.
Minister—Do you, Arabella Cynthia Smithers, take this man, George Elmer Tomkins, a loyal member of Bridegrooms' Local No. 234 and a strictly union husband, to be your lawful better half?

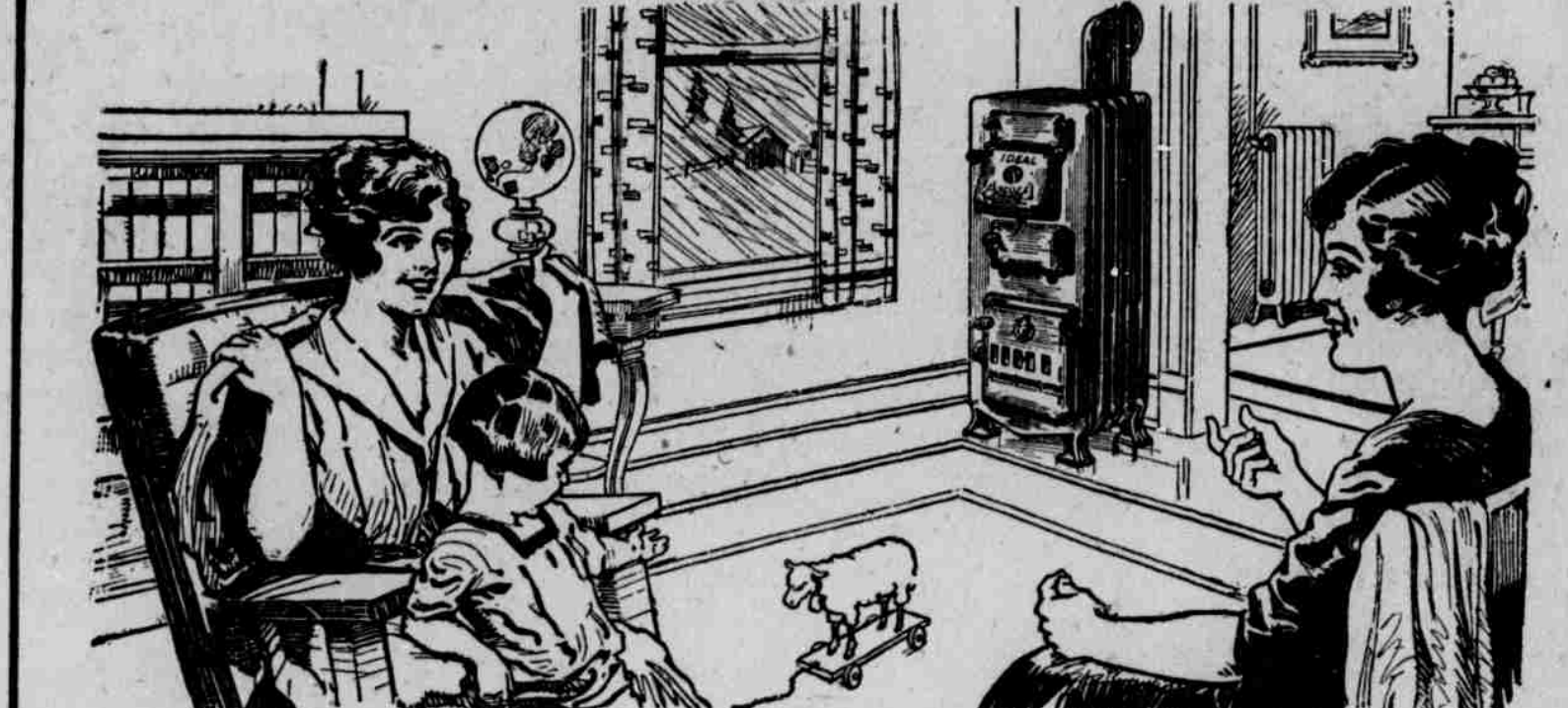
Bride—Yes, indeed.
Minister—And do you, George Elmer Tomkins, take this woman, Arabella Cynthia Smithers, affiliated with the Amalgamated Association of Blushing Brides, to be your lawful wedded wife?

Groom—I'll tell the world.
Minister to bride—And do you promise to love, honor and obey the constitution of the A. F. of L., observing strictly the eight-hour day, the right of collective bargaining, the settlement of all scraps by arbitration, the closed shop, etc., etc., till death doth you part?

Both—We do.
Minister—If anyone knoweth any good reason why this union should not be consummated as a perfectly good union, let him speak now or forever hold his tongue.

Heat all rooms with one fire \$118

Protects your home forever



New IDEAL-Arcola Radiator-Boiler

This new and wonderful outfit delivers the pleasantest, health-protecting warmth throughout all your rooms, day and night, all winter long. If freezing days at home have shown you how comfortable and fuel-wasteful your present heating is, consider at once these unequalled benefits and economics guaranteed by IDEAL-Arcola outfits—

UNIFORM WARMTH—The IDEAL-Arcola is hollow-walled, and the space between is filled with water. This water absorbs the excess heat of the fuel and automatically circulates through piping to AMERICAN Radiators set in other rooms, warming all alike. The same water is used over and over for years.

HEALTHFUL—Unlike stoves, there are no coal-gas leaks into the living rooms. There are no drafty halls or chill spots.

ECONOMICAL—The IDEAL-Arcola burns hard or soft coal and brings cost of heating down to lowest notch. The outfit does not rust out or wear out—is a genuine, permanent investment.

SAFE—With the IDEAL-Arcola there is no fire-risk to building—no danger to children.

EASILY PUT IN—IDEAL-Arcola Outfit is easily put in OLD or new buildings, without disturbing the household.

No cellar is needed.

Catalog showing open views of houses, individual flats, stores, offices, etc., with the IDEAL-Arcola Boiler in position will be mailed (free). Protect your home forever and save at the coal-bin—write today

AMERICAN RADIATOR COMPANY

Sold by all dealers
No exclusive agents
Public showrooms at Chicago, New York, Boston, Springfield, Providence, Worcester, Philadelphia, Harrisburg, Newark, Reading, Wilkes-Barre, Baltimore, Washington, Richmond, Albany, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo, Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Louisville, Atlanta, Birmingham, New Orleans, St. Louis, St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Paul, or St. Louis.

Write Department B-34
129-131 Federal Street,
Boston.

PASSING OF THE "WEAKER SEX."

The War Has Given Prominence to the Need of a Race of Physically Strong Women.

Not the athletic woman merely, but the physically strong woman, the woman capable of doing a man's work with her hands, as she is so many instances already doing it with her head. It is the standard of the near future, if movements now under way are successful. It is a world-wide movement, and its achievement is being voiced repeatedly in the international conference of women doctors, now in session here. The "weaker sex" is to cease to be a synonym for women, according to Dr. Anna L. Brown, one of the delegates, who said:

"We must make women physically strong before we can solve the problems of modern industrial, political and social life. Women are the victims of their own emotions. They cling to the idea that they are less strong than men, and so meekly accept smaller salaries and less responsible positions, feeling that their health is not equal to demands of the higher positions. Even when a woman knows from personal experience that she is just as strong as a man she cannot enforce her rights, because of the delusion of 'weaker sisters' all about her."

It was the war, of course, that gave a tremendous impetus to the movement for a race of physically strong women. The unprecedented burdens that American women shouldered under the urge of patriotism and industrial necessity are an old story now, but in war-torn Europe women undertook even more arduous tasks than were attempted here, where the pressure was not so heavy. English specialists, hurriedly summoned, made rapid inquiry into the amount of heavy work that women could do without injury to themselves and the coming generation.

Rules were laid down as to the limit to which women could safely go in lifting and carrying heavy weights. The specialists reported that these limitations were fixed, not because of any fundamental difference in the physical strength of men and women, but because the present generation of women, through underdevelopment of their physical strength, could not safely undertake the heavier tasks, any more than men unaccustomed to manual labor could stand up under the strain of great exertion.

Among the many investigations undertaken, along the same line, was one by Leland Stanford university, to inquire into the physical powers of college women with relation to their use in war work. The university's investigators reported that muscular strength is much more a matter of use than of sex, and pointed out wherein men are stronger than women, and vice versa, and why. It was found, for instance, that women's chest muscles are less powerful than men's because of the clothing which women wear, and which tends to make the pectoral muscles atrophied. On the other hand, a woman's back muscles are normally stronger than a man's, and certain muscles of her arms are superior, for the simple reason that she is obliged to raise her hands above her head so frequently in arranging her hair. The general conclusion was that sex is not necessarily a disability, and that if some method is found for adjusting work to the individual strength, under proper hygienic conditions, without reference to sex, there is no reason why the potential power of women may not be used without danger of lessening her racial efficiency.—New York Tribune.

MIDWAY IN LIFE

Men and women at forty stand at the portal of a crucial period. Strength must be kept up, the body well nourished.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

is the tonic of wonderful helpfulness to those in middle life. SCOTT'S nourishes and invigorates and helps the body keep up with the daily wear and tear on strength. Let Scott's help keep you robust!

Scott & Bower, Bloomfield, N. J.

In Ordering Corn Flakes

self protection demands that you should specify the best by name.

The best are—

POST TOASTIES

More TOASTIES are sold than any other brand of corn flakes, because they are superior in every sense.

Don't ask the grocer merely for corn flakes, ask for POST TOASTIES

Made by Postum Cereal Company, Battle Creek, Mich.

The Specialty Shop

See our values in Ladies' Trimmed Hats, 98c and \$1.98

All Children's Hats and Babies' Bonnets to close, 98c, \$1.98

Fine White Dimity for children's dresses, per yard 29c, 39c

Reduction on all Handkerchiefs.

Odd Balls Yarn, ea. 49c

Miss Emma E. Whitney
168 North Main Street